## **ABC Innovative Projects**

Hood Canal E	Bridge	e (Ea	ast A	pproach Span	s)					
Location	officially the William A. Bugge Bridge, on State Route 104 between Kitsap County and Jefferson County at the mouth of Hood Canal, northwest of Seattle, connecting the Olympic and Kitsap Peninsulas; the east approach spans are on the Kitsap County side of the bridge									
State	Washi	Washington								
Owner	State									
Year ABC Built	2005									
State ID #	104/5.1									
NBI #	0011964A000000									
Coordinates	<i>Latitude:</i> 47.865556 <i>Longitude:</i> -122.634722									
Contact Person	Jugesh Kapur, P.E. State Bridge and Structures Engineer Washington State Department of Transportation Phone: 360-705-7207 Email: kapurju@wsdot.wa.gov									
Mobility Impact Time	ABC:	49-ł	nr clos	ure		Conve	ntio	nal:		e bridge closure al months during ction
Impact	Tier 1			Tier 2	Tie	ier 3		Tier 4		Tier 5
Category				Х						
Primary Driver(s)	<ul> <li>reduced onsite construction time</li> <li>improved site constructability</li> <li>improved work-zone safety</li> <li>improved material guality and product durability</li> </ul>									
Description	<ul> <li>Improved material quarty and product durability</li> <li>605-ft long and 40-ft wide five-span (125 ft – 125 ft – 122 ft – 122 ft – 111 ft) prestressed bulb-tee girder east approach; roll-in; 3,800-ton self-weight</li> <li>Rural location</li> <li>Average Daily Traffic count: 14,000</li> <li>Traffic management alternative, if constructed conventionally: Close the bridge for several months and use a 200-mile detour or use a passenger-only ferry.</li> </ul> Existing Bridge: From east to west, the 1.5-mile-long Hood Canal Bridge consists of an east approach, a transition span, the east half of the floating structure, a 600-ft-long draw span, the west half of the floating structure, a transition span, and the west approach. The total floating length is 6,530 ft, with a tidal variation of 16.5 ft. First opened in 1961, the bridge has had various construction projects through the years to address wear due to the harsh coastal environment. The project described here is the east approach replacement. The east approach spans provide a fixed link from shoreline to the floating spans, providing resistance to longitudinal wind and wave forces. The existing six-span haunched steel plate-girder bridge was 643-ft long and 30-ft wide. It consisted of two 12-ft-wide traffic lanes and two 3-ft-wide shoulders. The cross-section consisted of four variable depth (7ft - 4ft) girders at 8.5-ft spacing, with a 6.5-inch-thick composite concrete deck. Each cast-in-place substructure consisted of a cap on rectangular									

	column, founded on spr	ead footings.					
	<b>Replacement Bridge:</b> The replacement bridge has two 12-ft-wide traffic lanes and two 8-ft-wide shoulders. The cross-section consists of five W74G prestressed bulb tee girders, with a 7.5 inch- thick cast-in-place concrete deck. Each new cast-in-place substructure consists of a cap on two 6-ft-diameter round columns founded on 10-ft-diameter drilled shafts. Prefabricated elements included precast abutment backwalls and precast approach slabs.						
	<ul> <li>Construction Methods:</li> <li>While traffic was maintained on the existing bridge, the contractor built the replacement substructures underneath the bridge, clear of existing piers. Work trestles and temporary supports were then built underneath and beside the existing bridge. The new approach spans were built on the temporary supports on the north side.</li> <li>At 8 pm on a Sunday in August the bridge was closed. The contractor disconnected phone and power lines to the existing spans. The existing deck was cut at both ends, and jacks were placed under the spans. The old spans were jacked up onto rollers and rolled onto temporary false work by 4 pm on Monday. The old spans were demolished. The precast abutment backwalls were erected. The upper portions of the existing piers were removed. Multiple synchronized jacks lifted the new spans onto rollers. The spans were then rolled into place as a unit at a rate of 5 miles per hour. The new spans were in place by 12 am Tuesday morning. Permanent bearing pads were set at each pier. Jacks were removed. Precast approach slabs and expansion joints were installed. No overlay was applied. Finish work was completed and the bridge was re-opened to traffic on Tuesday at 8:40 pm, for a 49-hr total closure.</li> </ul>						
	The contract included a disincentive of \$2,000 per 15 minutes of delay during the weekend closure. <b>Stakeholder Feedback:</b> Once the bridge was rolled over and set on elastomeric bearings the dead load was not uniformly distributed. The bridge had to be jacked and shimmed at the bearings.						
High Performance Materials	Informity distributed. The	le bridge nad to be jar	cked and shimmed at	t the bearings.			
Photos Additional photos							
	Decision-Making Tools	Site Procurement	Project Delivery	Contracting			
Project Planning	•	•	Design-bid-build	•			
Geotechnical	Foundation	s & Walls	Rapid Er	nbankment			

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Solutions	CIP substructure under traffic								
Structural	Prefabricated Bridge Elements & Systems Construction								
Solutions	Elements	:	Systems Miscellan			neous	Transverse rollers		
	Precast backw	alls	<ul> <li>Full-width decked beam unit (FDcBc)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CIP reinforced concrete closure joints</li> <li>Precast approach slabs</li> </ul>					
Costs	The engineer's estimate for the project was \$ 192 million. The low bid was \$204 million (\$12 million = 6.3% higher than engineer's estimate). There were three bidders.								
Funding	Federal only		State only		Federal	and State	Other		
				Х					
Incentive	Highways for Ll	FE	IBRD		Sł	HRP2	Other		
Program (\$)									
Contract Plans	Complete Set:	Not av	vailable.		ABC *:	Not availab	available.		
Specifications	Complete Set:	vailable.	ABC *:	BC *: Not available.					
Bid Tabs	Bid Tabs (link to pdf)								
Schedule	Engineer's: Not available. Actual: Not available.					able.			
Other Related Information	Hood Canal Project Website         [http://www.wsdot.wa.gov/Projects/SR104HoodCanalBridgeEast/]         Approach Spans Fact Sheet (link to pdf)         WSDOT 2008 IBC Presentation (link to pdf)         WSDOT ABC Website [http://www.wsdot.wa.gov/eesc/bridge/ABC/]         WSDOT Bridge and Structures Office Website [http://www.wsdot.wa.gov/eesc/bridge/]								
Photo Credits	Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT)								
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\* Specific to the ABC used in the project.