

2000 - Kouwegok Slough Bridge

Description

Meta Fields

Specifications 0 Spec File: 2105

Abc Construction Equipment: Conventional

Miscellaneous Prefabricated: Grouted key closure joint, Grouted blockout w/shear connectors **Prefabricated Bridge Elements:** Full-depth precast deck panel w/o PT, Precast pile caps, Precast

abutment caps, Precast lagging panels **Project Delivery**: Design-bid-build

Longitude : -160.7845 **Latitude :** 63.8814

Nbi #: 1308 State Id #: 1308

Construction Equipment: Conventional

Total Bridge Length Ft: 378
Max Span Length Ft: 144
Beam Material: Steel
Spans: Three-span

Location : Rural
Owner : State
State : AK

Year Abc Built: 2000 Contract Plans: 1

Funding Source: Federal and State

Costs: The engineer's estimate for this project was \$4.21 million. The low bid was \$4.79 million (\$585,000 = 14% higher than engineer's estimate). There were 11 bidders. The engineer's estimate for the bridge portion of this project was \$2.49 million. The low bid was \$2.24 million (\$257,000 = 10% lower than engineer's estimate). The cost per square foot of bridge was \$241 per sq ft.

Contacts: Owner: Leslie Daugherty, P.E., S.E. Chief Bridge Engineer Alaska Department of

Transportation and Public Facilities leslie.daugherty@alaska.gov 907-465-8891

High Performance Material:

Precast concrete members utilized 6,000 psi concrete

• Epoxy grout used between panels with compressive strength of 9,000 psi

Construction Method: Bridge elements were fabricated in early 1999 and delivered by barge to the nearby village of Nome by mid-summer. The project was delayed by one year due to late ice break up in Norton Sound. All materials were delivered in early July 2000 by a barge that could not operate until after July 1 because the Norton Sound was frozen. The pipe piles were driven. The precast abutment cap beams, precast pier pile cap beams, steel beams, and precast deck panels were erected with a truck crane. The deck planks (panels) were not longitudinally post-tensioned. Precast concrete lagging panels were used in the soldier pile type abutment wall and wingwalls. The new bridge was opened to traffic in August 2000.

Replacement Or New Bridge: A bridge was required for access to a new landfill located across the slough on the east side of the village. The new two-lane bridge was the first in an evolving series of similar bridges built in remote locations within the state. Its substructure consists of driven steel pipe piles that support precast pile caps, and its superstructure consists of rolled wide-flange steel beams that support full-depth precast deck panels.

Traffic Management: ABC is conventional construction in Alaska due to climate and terrain **Average Daily Traffic At Time Of Construction:** 250

Dimensions: 378-ft long and 25-ft wide three-span steel beam bridge (114 ft - 144 ft - 114 ft) **Primary Drivers**: improved site constructability; reduced onsite construction time; minimized environmental impacts

Impact Category: Tier 5 (within 3 months)

Mobility Impact Time: ABC: bridge constructed in 55 days Conventional: ABC is conventional

construction in Alaska

Project Location: On the southeast corner of Norton Sound across the Kouwegok Slough in the village of Unalakleet, approximately 500 miles west of Fairbanks

Project Summary: 55-day construction of bridge to access new landfill in remote location