PROPOSAL TO THE
STATE OF HAWAI'I
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PROJECT: KAMEHAMEHA HIGHWAY
REPLACEMENT OF NORTH KAHA NA STREAM BRIDGE
DISTRICT OF KOOLAULOA
ISLAND OF OAHU

PROJECT NO.: BR-083-1(53)

COMPLETION TIME: 385 Working days from the date indicated in the Notice to Proceed from the Department.

Note: Completion time does not include plant establishment period.

DBE PROJECT GOAL: None specified.

DESIGN PROJECT MANAGER:

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Amend Section 108 - Prosecution and Progress to read as follows:

"SECTION 108 - PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS"

108.01 Subcontracts.

(A) Subcontract Requirements. Nothing contained in the contract documents shall create a contractual relationship between the State and any subcontractor.

Subject to the provisions of HRS Chapter 103D-302, the Contractor may subcontract a portion of the work but the Contractor shall remain responsible for the work so subcontracted.

The Contractor shall not sublet, sell, transfer, assign, or otherwise dispose of any duty the Contractor may have pursuant to the contract without the written consent of the State.

The Contractor shall perform with his/her own organization, work amounting to not less than 30 percent of the total contract cost, except that any items designated by the State in the contract as 'specialty items'. Where an entire item is subcontracted, the value of work subcontracted will be based on the contract item bid price. When a portion of an item is subcontracted, the value of work subcontracted will be estimated by the Engineer and be based on the cost of such portion of the contract items.

The 'Specialty Items' of work for this project are as follows:

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All Contract Items under Section 602 - Reinforcing Steel

All Contract Items under Section 606 - Guardrail

All Contract Items under Section 621B - Traffic Control Regulatory, Warning, and Miscellaneous Signs

All Contract Items under Section 621C - Markers

All Contract Items under Section 622 - Highway Lighting System

All Contract Items under Section 629 - Pavement Markings

Contract Item No. 645.1000 under Section 649 – Work Zone Traffic Control

No subcontract shall release the Contractor of any liability under the contract and bonds.

(B) Substituting Subcontractors. Under HRS Chapter 103D-302, the Contractor is required to list the names of persons or firms to be engaged by the Contractor as a subcontractor or joint contractor in the performance of the contract. Contractors may enter into subcontracts only with subcontractors listed in the proposal or with non-listed joint contractors/subcontractors permitted under Subsection 102.06 – Preparation of Proposal. No subcontractor may be added or deleted and substitutions will be allowed only if the subcontractor:

(1) Fails, refuses or is unable to enter into a subcontract, or

(2) Becomes insolvent; or

(3) Has its Contractor's license suspended or revoked; or

(4) Has defaulted or has otherwise breached the subcontract in connection with the subcontracted work; or

(5) Is unable to comply with other requirements of law applicable to Contractors, subcontractors and public works projects.

Bids that do not comply with the above requirements may be accepted if acceptance is in the best interest of the State and the value of the work to be performed by the subcontractor or joint contractor is equal to or less than one percent of the total bid amount.
When the subcontractor is not prosecuting the work in accordance with the contract, the Contractor shall immediately remove the subcontractor from the project, upon receipt of a written notice from the Engineer. The subcontractor shall not again be employed on the project.

Requests to substitute a subcontractor shall be allowed only upon the written approval of the Engineer. The Contractor agrees to hold the State harmless, defend and indemnify the State for all claims, liabilities, or damages whatsoever, including attorney's fees arising out of or related to the approval or disapproval of the substitution.

108.02 Notice to Proceed (NTP).

1st NTP – Site Specific BMP Plan.

A site specific BMP Plan NTP will be given to the Contractor not later than 90 days from the date of execution of the contract. The site specific BMP Plan NTP will indicate the date the Contractor is expected to begin the preparation of site specific BMP in order to complete the various permit application, including but not limited to NPDES individual permit, DOH 401 & DA 404 permits, and from which contract time will be charged. Total contract time for 1st NTP will be up to 12 months, including potential public hearing in compliance with DOH individual permit requirements.

2nd NTP – Construction.

2nd notice to proceed will be issued to the Contractor following the completion of work specified in the 1st NTP. It shall establish the date the Contractor is expected to start work and from which contract time will commence.

The Engineer will consult with the Contractor in an effort to set a mutually agreeable notice to proceed date. When the notice to proceed date is set by mutual agreement, Contractor shall have no claim for delay impact costs resulting from the issuance of the notice to proceed for such date.

In the absence of an agreed notice to proceed date, the Engineer will issue a notice to proceed to the Contractor. In the event that the Engineer establishes a starting date that is more than 90 days after the effective date of the contract the Contractor may submit a claim in accordance with Subsection 105.18 – Disputes and Claims for increased labor and material costs which are directly attributable to the delay beyond the first 90 days. The Engineer may suspend the contract before issuing the notice to proceed, in which case the Contractor's remedies are exclusively those set forth in Subsection 108.11 – Suspension of Work.
The Contractor shall begin work within 10 working days from the date in
the notice to proceed and shall diligently prosecute the same to completion
within the contract time. In the event that the Contractor fails to start the work,
the Engineer may terminate the contract in accordance with Subsection 108.12 –
Termination of Contract for Cause. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at
least three working days before beginning work.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 24 hours before restarting
work after a suspension of work pursuant to Subsection 108.11 – Suspension of
Work.

The Contractor shall not begin work before the date in the notice to
proceed. Any work done prior to the notice to proceed date will be considered
unauthorized work. If the Engineer does not direct that the unauthorized work
be removed, it shall be paid for after the notice to proceed date and only if it is
acceptable. The Contractor shall secure all permits and obtain environmental
clearances and approvals prior to the start of any construction activities.

When construction is started, the Contractor shall work expeditiously and
pursue the work diligently until it is complete. If only a portion of the work is to
be done in stages, the Contractor shall leave the area safe and usable for the
user agency at the end of each stage.

108.03 Prosecution of Work. Unless otherwise permitted by the Engineer,
in writing the Contractor shall not commence with physical construction unless
sufficient materials and equipment are available for either continuous
construction or completion of a specified portion of the work.

108.04 Preconstruction Data Submittal. The awardee shall submit to the
Engineer for information and review the pre-construction data within 15 days
from the date of notice of intent to enter the contract. Until the items listed
below are received and found acceptable by the Engineer, the Contractor shall
not commence work unless otherwise authorized to do so in writing and subject
to such conditions set by the Engineer. No progress payment will be made to
the Contractor until the Engineer acknowledges, in writing, receipt of the
following preconstruction data submittals acceptable to the Engineer:

(1) List of the Superintendent and other Supervisory Personnel;
(2) Name of person(s) authorized to sign for the Contractor;
(3) Work Schedule;
(4) Initial Progress Schedule (See Subsection 108.07 – Progress
Schedules);
(5) Water Pollution and Siltation Control Submittals;

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(6) Solid Waste Disposal form;

(7) Tax Rates;

(8) Insurance Rates;

(9) Certificate of Insurance satisfactory to the Engineer that the Contractor has in place all insurance coverage required by the contract documents;

(10) Schedule of agreed prices; and

(11) List of Suppliers.

108.04 Character and Proficiency of Workers. The Contractor shall at all times provide adequate supervision and sufficient labor and equipment for prosecuting the work to full completion in the manner and within the time required by the contract. The superintendent and all other representatives of the Contractor shall act in a civil and honest manner in all dealings with the Engineer, all other State officials and representatives, and the public, in connection with the work.

All workers shall possess the proper license or certification, job classification, skill, training, and experience necessary to properly perform the work assigned to them.

The Engineer may direct the removal of any worker(s) who does not carry out the assigned work in a proper and skillful manner or who is disrespectful, intemperate, violent, or disorderly. The worker shall be removed forthwith by the Contractor and will not work again without written permission of the Engineer.

108.06 Contract Time.

(A) Calculation of Contract Time. When the contract time is on a working day basis, the total contract time allowed for the performance of the work will be the number of working days shown in the contract plus any additional working days authorized in writing as provided hereinafter. The count of elapsed working days to be charged against contract time, will begin from the date of notice to proceed and will continue consecutively to the date of final acceptance. When multiple shifts are used to perform the work, the State will not consider the hours worked over the normal eight working hours per day or night as an additional working day.

When the contract is on a calendar day basis, the total contract time allowed for the performance of the work will be the number of days shown.
in the contract plus any additional days authorized in writing as provided hereinafter. The count of elapsed days to be charged against contract time will begin from the date of notice to proceed and will continue consecutively to the date of final acceptance. The Engineer will exclude days elapsing between the orders of the Engineer to suspend work and resume work for suspensions not the fault of the Contractor.

(B) Modifications of Contract Time. Whenever the Contractor believes that an extension of contract time is justified, the Contractor shall serve written notice on the Engineer not more than five working days after the occurrence of the event that causes a delay or justifies a contract time extension. Contract time may be adjusted for the following reasons or events, but only if and to the extent the critical path has been affected:

(1) Changes in the Work, Additional Work, and Delays Caused by the State. If the Contractor believes that an extension of time is justified on account of any act or omission by the State, and is not adequately provided for in a field order or change order, it must request the additional time as provided above. At the request of the Engineer, the Contractor must show how the critical path will be affected and must also support the time extension request with schedules, as well as statements from its subcontractors, suppliers, or manufacturers, as necessary. Claims for compensation for any altered or additional work will be determined pursuant to Subsection 104.02 – Changes.

Additional time to perform the extra work will be added to the time allowed in the contract without regard to the date the change directive was issued, even if the contract completion date has passed. A change requiring time issued after contract time has expired will not constitute an excusable or waiver of pre-existing Contractor delay.

(2) Delay for Permits. For delays in the routine application and processing time required to obtain necessary permits, including permits to be obtained from State agencies, on the condition that the delay is not caused by the Contractor, and provided that as soon as the delay occurs, the Contractor notifies the Engineer in writing that the permits are not available. Time extensions will be the exclusive relief granted on account of such delays.

(3) Delays Beyond Contractor's Control. For delays caused by acts of God, a public enemy, fire, inclement weather days or adverse conditions resulting therefrom, earthquakes, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, labor disputes impacting the Contractor or the State, freight embargoes and other
reasons beyond the Contractor’s control, the Contractor may be
granted an extension of time provided that:

(a) In the written notice of delay to the Engineer, the
Contractor describes possible effects on the completion date
of the contract. The description of delays shall:

1. State specifically the reason or reasons for the
delay and fully explain in a detailed chronology how
the delay affects the critical path.

2. Include copies of pertinent documentation to
support the time extension request.

3. Cite the anticipated period of delay and the time
extension requested.

4. State either that the above circumstances have
been cleared and normal working conditions restored
as of a certain day or that the above circumstances
will continue to prevent completion of the project.

(b) The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing
when the delay ends. Time extensions will be the
exclusive relief granted and no additional compensation will
be paid the Contractor for such delays.

(4) Delays in Delivery of Materials or Equipment. For
delays in delivery of materials or equipment which occur as a result
of unforeseeable causes beyond the control and without fault of the
Contractor, its subcontractor(s) or supplier(s), time extensions
shall be the exclusive relief granted and no additional
compensation will be paid the Contractor on account of such delay.
The delay shall not exceed the difference between the originally
scheduled delivery date and the actual delivery date. The
Contractor may be granted an extension of time provided that it
complies with the following procedures:

(a) The Contractor’s written notice to the Engineer must
describe the delays and state the effect such delays may
have on the critical path.

(b) The Contractor, if requested, must submit to the
Engineer within five days after a firm delivery date for the
material and equipment is established, a written statement
regarding the delay. The Contractor must justify the delay
as follows:
1. State specifically all reasons for the delay. Explain in a detailed chronology the effect of the delay on the critical path.

2. Submit copies of purchase order(s), factory invoice(s), bill(s) of lading, shipping manifest(s), delivery tag(s), and any other documents to support the time extension request.

3. Cite the start and end date of the delay and the time extension requested.

(5) Delays for Suspension of Work. When the performance of the work is totally suspended for one or more days (calendar or working days, as appropriate) by order of the Engineer in accordance with Subsections 108.11(A)(1), 108.11(A)(2), or 108.11(A)(5) the number of days from the effective date of the Engineer's order to suspend operations to the effective date of the Engineer's order to resume operations shall not be counted as contract time and the contract completion date will be adjusted. During periods of partial suspensions of the work, the Contractor will be granted a time extension only if the partial suspension affects the critical path. If the Contractor believes that an extension of time is justified for a partial suspension of work, it must request the extension in writing at least five working days before the partial suspension will affect the critical operation(s) in progress. The Contractor must show how the critical path was increased based on the status of the work and must also support its claim if requested, with statements from its subcontractors. A suspension of work will not constitute a waiver of pre-existing Contractor delay.

(6) Contractor Caused Delays. No time extension will be granted under the following circumstances:

(a) Delays within the Contractor's control in performing the work caused by the Contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or any combination thereof.

(b) Delays within the Contractor's control in arrival of materials and equipment caused by the Contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or any combination thereof, in ordering, fabricating, and delivery.

(c) Delays requested for changes which do not affect the critical path.
(d) Delays caused by the failure of the Contractor to make submittals in a timely manner for review and acceptance by the Engineer, such as but not limited to shop drawings, descriptive sheets, material samples, and color samples except as covered in Subsection 108.06(B)(3) and 108.06(B)(4).

(e) Delays caused by the failure to submit sufficient information and data in a timely manner in the proper form in order to obtain necessary permits related to the work.

(f) Failure to follow the procedure within the time allowed by contract to request a time extension.

(g) Failure of the Contractor to provide evidence sufficient to support the time extension request.

(7) Reduction in Time. If the State deletes or modifies any portion of the work, an appropriate reduction of contract time may be made in accordance with Subsection 104.02 - Changes.

108.07 Progress Schedules.

(A) Forms of Schedule. All schedules shall be submitted using the specific computer program designated in the bid documents. If no such scheduling software program is designated, then all schedules shall be submitted using the latest version of SureTrak Project Manager by Primavera Systems, Inc.

Schedule submittals shall be as follows:

(1) For Contracts $2,000,000 or less or For Contract Time 100 Working Days or 140 Calendar Days or less. For contracts of $2,000,000 or less or for contract time of 100 working days or 140 calendar days or less, the progress schedule will be a Time Scaled Logic Diagram (TSLD). The Contractor shall submit a TSLD submittal package and it shall meet the following requirements and have these essential and distinctive elements:

(a) The major features of work, such as but not limited to BMP installation, grubbing, roadway excavation, structure excavation, structure construction, shown in the chronological order in which the Contractor proposes to work that feature or work and its location on the project. The schedule shall account for normal inclement weather, unusual soil or other conditions that may influence the
progress of the work, schedules, and coordination required by any utility, off or on site fabrications, and other pertinent factors that relate to progress;

(b) All features listed or not listed in the contract documents that the Contractor considers a controlling factor for the timely completion of the contract work;

(c) The time span and sequence of the activities or events for each feature, and its interrelationship and interdependencies in time and logic to other features in order to complete the project;

(d) The total anticipated time necessary to complete work required by the contract;

(e) A chronological listing of critical intermediate dates or time periods for features or milestone or phases that can affect timely completion of the project;

(f) Major activities related to the location on the project;

(g) Non-construction activities, such as submittal and acceptance periods for shop drawings and material, procurement, testing, fabrication, mobilization, and demobilization or order dates of long lead material;

(h) Set schedule logic for out of sequence activities to retain logic. In addition, open ends shall be non-critical;

(i) Show target bars for all activities;

(j) Vertical and horizontal sight lines both major and minor shall be used as well as a separator line between groups. The Engineer shall determine frequency and style;

(k) The file name, print date, revision number, data and project title and number shall be included in the title block; and

(l) Have columns with the appropriate data in them for activity ID, Description, Original Duration, Remaining Duration, Early Start, Early Finish, Total Float, Percent Complete, Resources. The Resource column shall list who is responsible for the work to be done in the activity. These columns shall be to the left of the bar chart.
(2) For Contracts Which Have A Contract Amount More Than $2,000,000 Or Having A Contract Time Of More Than 100 Working Days Or 140 Calendar Days. For contracts which have a contract amount more than $2,000,000 or contract time of more than 100 working days or 140 calendar days, the Contractor shall submit a Timed-Scaled Logic Diagram (TSLD) and it shall meet the following requirements and have these essential and distinctive elements:

(a) The information and requirements listed in A above;

(b) Additional reports and graphics available from the software as requested by the Engineer;

(c) Sufficient detail to allow at least weekly monitoring of the Contractor and subcontractor's operations;

(d) The time scaled schematic shall be on a calendar or working days basis. What will be used shall be determined by how the Contract keeps track of time. It will be the same. Plot the critical calendar dates anticipated;

(e) Breakdown of activity, such as forming, placing reinforcing steel, concrete pouring and curing, and stripping in concrete construction. Indicate location of work to be done in such detail that it would be easily determined where work would be occurring within approximately 200 feet;

(f) Latest start and finish dates for critical path activities;

(g) Identify responsible subcontractor, supplier, and others for their respective activity;

(h) No individual activity shall have duration of more than 20 calendar days unless requested and approved by the Engineer;

(i) All activities shall have work breakdown structure codes and activity codes. The activity codes shall have coding that incorporates information for phase, location, who is responsible for doing work and type of operation and activity description and

(j) Incorporate all physical access and availability restraints.
(B) Inspection and Testing. All schedule shall provide reasonable
time and opportunity for the Engineer to inspect and test each work
activity.

(C) Engineer's Acceptance of Progress Schedule. The submittal
of, and the Engineer's receipt of any progress schedule shall not be
deemed an agreement to modify any terms or conditions of the contract.
Any modifications to the contract terms and conditions that appear in or
may be inferred from an acceptable schedule will not be valid or
enforceable unless and until the Engineer exercises discretion to issue an
appropriate change order. Nor shall any submittal or receipt imply the
Engineer's approval of the schedule's breakdown, its individual elements,
any critical path that may be shown nor shall it obligate the Department to
make its personnel available outside normal working hours or the working
hours established by the Contract in order to accommodate such
schedule. The Contractor has the risk of all elements (whether or not
shown) of the schedule and its execution. No claim for additional
compensation or time, or both shall be made by the Contractor or
recognized by the Engineer for delays during any period for which an
acceptable progress schedule or an updated progress schedule as
required by Subsection 108.07(E) – Contractor's Continuing Schedule
Submittal Requirements had not been submitted. Any acceptance or
approval of the schedule shall be for general format only and shall not be
deemed an agreement by the Department that the construction means,
methods and resources shown on the schedule will result in work that
conforms to the contract requirements or that the sequences or durations
indicated are feasible.

(D) Initial Progress Schedule. The Contractor shall submit an initial
progress schedule. The initial progress schedule shall consist of the
following:

1. Four sets of the TSLD schedule,

2. All the software files and data to re-create the TSLD in a
   computerized software format as specified by the Engineer.

3. A listing of equipment that is anticipated to be used on the
   project. Including the type, size, make, year of manufacture,
   and all information necessary to identify the equipment in the
   Rental Rate Blue Book for Construction Equipment,

4. An anticipated manpower requirement graph plotting
   contract time and total manpower requirement. This may be
   superimposed over the payment graph.
(5) A Method Statement that is a detailed narrative describing the work to be done and the method by which the work shall be accomplished for each major activity. A major activity is an activity that:

(a) Has a duration longer than five days;

(b) Is a milestone activity;

(c) Is a contract item that exceeds $10,000 on the contract cost proposal;

(d) Is a critical path activity; or

(e) Is an activity designated as such by the Engineer.

Each Method Statement shall include the following items needed to fulfill the schedule:

(i) Quantity, type, make, and model of equipment,

(ii) The manpower to do the work, specifying worker classification, and

(iii) The production rate per eight hour day, needed to meet the time indicated on the schedule.

(6) Two sets of color time-scaled project evaluation and review technique charts ("PERT") using the activity box template of Logic – Early Start or such other template designated by the Engineer.

If the Contract Documents establish a sequence or order for the work, the initial progress schedule shall conform to such sequence or order.

(E) Contractor's Continuing Schedule Submittal Requirements. After the acceptance of the initial TSLD and when construction starts, the Contractor shall submit four plotted progress schedules, two PERT charts, and reports on all construction activities every two weeks (bi-weekly). This scheduled bi-weekly submittal shall also include an updated version of the project schedule in a computerized software format as specified by the Engineer. The submittal shall have all the information needed to re-create that time period's TSLD plot and reports. The bi-weekly submittal shall include, but not limited to, an update of activities based on actual durations, all new activities and any changes in duration or start or finish dates of any activity.
The Contractor shall submit with every update, in report form acceptable to the Engineer, a list of changes to the progress schedule since the previous schedule submittal. The Engineer may change the frequency of the submittal requirements but may not require a submittal of the schedule to be more than once a week. The Engineer may decrease the frequency of the submittal of the bi-weekly schedule.

The Contractor shall submit updates of the anticipated work completion graph, equipment listing, manpower requirement graph or method statement when requested by the Engineer. Such updates shall be submitted within four calendar days from the date of the request by the Engineer.

The Engineer may withhold progress payment until the Contractor is in compliance with all schedule update requirements.

(F) **Float.** All float appearing on a schedule is a shared commodity. Float does not belong to or exist for the exclusive use or benefit of either the State or the Contractor. The State or the Contractor has the opportunity to use available float until it is depleted. Float has no monetary value.

(G) **Scheduled Meetings.** The Contractor shall meet on a bi-weekly basis with the Engineer to review the progress schedule. The Contractor shall have someone attending the meeting that can answer all questions on the TSILD and other schedule related submittals.

(H) **Accelerated Schedule; Early Completion.** If the Contractor submits an accelerated schedule (shorter than the contract time), the Engineer's review and acceptance of an accelerated schedule does not constitute an agreement or obligation by the State to modify the contract time or completion date. The Contractor is solely responsible for and shall accept all risks and any delays, other than those that can be directly and solely attributable to the State that may occur during the work, until the contract completion date. The contract time or completion date is established for the benefit of the State and cannot be changed without an appropriate change order or final acceptance by the State. The State may accept the work before the completions date is established, but is not obligated to do so.

If the TSILD indicates an early completion of the project the Contractor shall upon submittal of the schedule cooperate with the State in explaining how it will be achieved. In addition, the Contractor shall submit the above explanation in writing which shall include the State's part, if any, in achieving the early completion date. Early completion of the project shall not rely on changes to the Contract Documents unless approved by the Engineer.
(1) **Contractor Responsibilities.** The Contractor shall promptly respond to any inquiries from the Engineer regarding any schedule submission. The Contractor shall adjust the schedule to address directives from the Engineer and shall resubmit the TSLD package to the Engineer until the Engineer finds it acceptable.

The Contractor shall perform the work in accordance with the submitted TSLD. The Engineer may require the Contractor to provide additional work forces and equipment to bring the progress of the work into conformance with the TSLD at no increase in contract price or contract time whenever the Engineer determines that the progress of the work does not insure completion within the specified contract time.

108.08 **Weekly Meeting.** In addition to the bi-weekly schedule meetings, the Contractor shall be available to meet once a week with the State at the time and place as determined by the Engineer to discuss the work and its progress including but not limited to, the progress of the project, potential problems, coordination of work, submittals, erosion control reports, etc. The Contractor’s personnel attending shall have the authority to make decisions and answer questions.

The Contractor shall bring to weekly meetings a detailed work schedule showing the next three weeks’ work. Number of copies of the detailed work schedule to be submitted will be determined by the Engineer. The three-week schedule is in addition to the TSLD and shall in no way be considered as a substitute for the TSLD or vice versa. The three-week schedule shall show:

(1) All construction events, traffic control and BMP related activities in such detail that the Engineer will be able to determine at what location and type of work will be done for any day for the next three weeks. This is for the State to use to plan its manpower requirements for that time period;

(2) The duration of all events and delays;

(3) The critical path clearly marked in red or marked in a manner that makes it clearly distinguishable from other paths and is acceptable to the Engineer;

(4) Critical submittals and requests for information (RFI's);

(5) The project title, project number, dated created, period the schedule covers, Contractor’s name and creator of the schedule on each page.
Two days prior to each weekly meeting, the Contractor shall submit a list of outstanding submittals, RFIs and issues that require discussion.

108.09 Liquidated Damages for Failure to Complete the Work or Portions of the Work on Time. The actual amount of damages resulting from the Contractor's failure to complete the contract in a timely manner is difficult to accurately determine. Therefore the amount of such damages shall be liquidated damages as set forth herein. The State may, at its discretion deduct the amount from monies due or that may become due under the contract.

When the Contractor fails to reach substantial completion of the work for which liquidated damages are specified, within the time or times fixed in the contract or any extension thereof, in addition to all other remedies for breach that may be available to the State, the Contractor shall pay liquidated damages to the State, in the amount of $5,000 per working day.

(A) Liquidated Damages Upon Termination. If the State terminates on account of Contractor's default, liquidated damages may be charged against the defaulting Contractor and its surety until final completion of work.

(B) Liquidated Damages for Failure to Complete the Punchlist. The Contractor shall complete the work on any punchlist created after substantial completion, within the contract time or any extension thereof.

When the Contractor fails to complete the work on such punchlist within the contract time or any extension thereof, the Contractor shall pay liquidated damages to the State of 20 percent of the amount of liquidated damages established for failure to substantially complete the work within contract time. Liquidated damages shall not be assessed for the period between

(1) Substantial completion of the work and the time the punchlist is delivered to the Contractor,

(2) The date of the completion of punchlist as determined by the Engineer and the date of the successful final inspection, and

(3) The date of the inspection that results in final acceptance and the receipt by the Contractor of the written notice of the final acceptance.

(C) Actual Damages Recoverable If Liquidated Damages Deemed Unenforceable. In the event a court of competent jurisdiction holds that

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any liquidated damages assessed pursuant to this contract are 
unenforceable, the State will be entitled to recover its actual damages for 
Contractor's failure to complete the work, or any designated portion of the 
work within the time set by the contract.

108.10 Rental Fees for Unauthorized Lane Closure or Occupancy. In 
addition to all other remedies available to the State for Contractor's breach of the 
terms of the contract, the Engineer will assess the rental fees in the amount of 
$1,000 for every one-to fifteen-minute increment for each roadway lane closed 
to the public use or occupied beyond the time periods authorized in the contract 
or by the Engineer. The maximum amount assessed per day shall be $10,000 
The State may, at its discretion, deduct the amount from monies due or that 
may become due under the contract. The rental fee may be waived in whole 
or part if the Engineer determines that the unauthorized period of lane closure or 
occupancy was due to factors beyond the control of the Contractor. Equipment breakdown is not a cause to waive liquidated damages.

108.11 Suspension of Work.

(A) Suspension of Work. The Engineer may, by written order, 
suspend the performance of the work, either in whole or in part, for such 
periods as the Engineer may deem necessary, for any cause, including 
but not limited to:

(1) Weather or soil conditions considered unsuitable for 
prosecution of the work;

(2) Whenever a redesign that may affect the work is deemed 
necessary by the Engineer;

(3) Unacceptable noise or dust arising from the construction 
even if it does violate any law or regulation;

(4) Failure on the part of the Contractor to:

    (a) Correct conditions unsafe for the general public or for 
    the workers;

    (b) Carry out orders given by the Engineer;

    (c) Perform the work in strict compliance with the 
    provisions of the contract; or

    (d) Provide adequate supervision on the jobsite.

(5) The convenience of the State.
(B) Partial and Total Suspension. Suspension of work on some but not all items of work shall be considered a "partial suspension." Suspension of work on all items shall be considered "total suspension." The period of suspension shall be computed from the date set out in the written order for work to cease until the date of the order for work to resume.

(C) Reimbursement to Contractor. In the event that the Contractor is ordered by the Engineer in writing as provided herein to suspend all work under the contract for the reasons specified in Subsections 108.11(A)(2), 108.11(A)(3), or 108.11(A)(5) of the "Suspension of Work" paragraph, the Contractor may be reimbursed for actual direct costs incurred on work at the jobsite, as authorized in writing by the Engineer, including costs expended for the protection of the work. An allowance of 5 percent for indirect categories of delay costs will be paid on any reimbursed direct costs, including extended branch and home-office overhead and delay impact costs. No allowance will be made for anticipated profits. Payment for equipment which is ordered to standby during such suspension of work shall be made as described in Subsection 109.04(H) - Rental Rates for Idle and Standby Time.

(D) Cost Adjustment. If the performance of all or part of the work is suspended for reasons beyond the control of the Contractor, an adjustment shall be made for any increase in cost of performance of this contract (excluding profit) necessarily caused by such suspension, and the contract modified in writing accordingly.

However, no adjustment to the contract price shall be made for any suspension, delay, or interruption:

(1) For weather related conditions,

(2) To the extent that performance would have been so suspended, delayed, or interrupted by any other cause, including the fault or negligence of the Contractor; or

(3) For which an adjustment is provided for or excluded under any other provision of this Contract.

(E) Claims for Adjustment. Any adjustment in contract price made shall be determined in accordance with Subsections 104.02 – Changes and 104.09 – Methods of Price Adjustment.

Any claims for such compensation shall be filed in writing with the Engineer within 30 days after the date of the order to resume work or the claim will not be considered. The claim shall conform to the requirements of Subsection 105.18(D) – Making of a Claim.
Engineer will take the claim under consideration, may make such investigations as are deemed necessary and will be the sole judge as to the equitability of the claim. The Engineer's decision will be final.

(F) No Adjustment. No provision of this clause shall entitle the Contractor to any adjustments for delays due to failure of its surety, the cancellation or expiration of any insurance coverage required by the contract documents, for suspensions made at the request of the Contractor, for any delay required under the contract, or for suspensions, either partial or whole, made by the Engineer under Subsection 108.11(A)(4) of the "Suspension of work" paragraph.

108.12 Termination of Contract for Cause.

(A) Default. If the Contractor refuses or fails to perform the work, or any separable part thereof, with such diligence as will assure its completion within the time specified in this contract, or any extension thereof, or commits any other material breach of this contract, and further fails within seven days after receipt of written notice from the Engineer to commence and continue correction of the refusal or failure with diligence and promptness, the Engineer may, by written notice to the Contractor, declare the Contractor in breach and terminate the Contractor's right to proceed with the work or the part of the work as to which there has been a delay or other breach of contract. In such event, the State may take over the work, perform the same to completion, by contract or otherwise, and may take possession of, and utilize in completing the work, the materials, appliances, and plant as may be on the site of the work and necessary therefore. Whether or not the Contractor's right to proceed with the work is terminated, the Contractor and the Contractor's sureties shall be liable for any damage to the State resulting from the Contractor's refusal or failure to complete the work within the specified time.

(B) Additional Rights and Remedies. The rights and remedies of the State provided in this contract are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law.

(C) Costs and Charges. All costs and charges incurred by the State, together with the cost of completing the work under contract, will be deducted from any monies due or which would or might have become due to the Contractor had it been allowed to complete the work under the contract. If such expense exceeds the sum which would have been payable under the contract, then the Contractor and the surety shall be liable and shall pay the State the amount of the excess.

In case of termination, the Engineer will limit any payment to the Contractor to the part of the contract satisfactorily completed at the time of

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termination. Payment will not be made until the work has satisfactorily been completed and all required documents, including the tax clearance required by Subsection 109.11 – Final Payment are submitted by the Contractor. Termination shall not relieve the Contractor or Surety from liability for liquidated damages.

(D) **Erroneous Termination for Cause.** If, after notice of termination of the Contractor’s right to proceed under this section, it is determined for any reason that good cause did not exist to allow the State to terminate as provided herein, the rights and obligations of the parties shall be the same as, and the relief afforded the Contractor shall be limited to, the provisions contained in Subsection 108.13 – Termination for Convenience.

108.13 **Termination For Convenience.**

(A) **Terminations.** The Director may, when the interests of the State so require, terminate this contract in whole or in part, for the convenience of the State. The Director will give written notice of the termination to the Contractor specifying the part of the contract terminated and when termination becomes effective.

(B) **Contractor’s Obligations.** The Contractor shall incur no further obligations in connection with the terminated work and on the date set in the notice of termination the Contractor shall stop work to the extent specified. The Contractor shall also terminate outstanding orders and subcontracts as they relate to the terminated work. The Contractor shall settle the liabilities and claims arising out of the termination of subcontracts and orders connected with the terminated work subject to the State’s approval. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to assign the Contractor’s right, title, and interest under terminated orders or subcontracts to the State. The Contractor must still complete the work not terminated by the notice of termination and may incur obligations as necessary to do so.

(C) **Right to Construction and Goods.** The Engineer may require the Contractor to transfer title and to deliver to the State in the manner and to the extent directed by the Engineer, the following:

(1) Any completed work and

(2) Any partially completed construction, goods, materials, parts, tools, dies, jigs, fixtures, drawings, information, and contract rights (hereinafter called “construction material”) that the Contractor has specifically produced or specially acquired for the performance of the terminated part of this contract.
The Contractor shall protect and preserve all property in the
possession of the Contractor in which the State has an interest.
If the Engineer does not elect to retain any such property, the
Contractor shall use its best efforts to sell such property and
construction materials for the State's account in accordance with
the standards of HRS Chapter 490:2-706.

(D) Compensation.

(1) The Contractor shall submit a termination claim specifying
the amounts due because of the termination for convenience
together with cost or pricing data, submitted to the extent required
by Subchapter 15, Chapter 3-122, HAR. If the Contractor fails
to file a termination claim within one year from the effective date of
termination, the Engineer may pay the Contractor, if at all, an
amount set in accordance with Subsection 108.13(D)(3).

(2) The Engineer and the Contractor may agree to a settlement
provided the Contractor has filed a termination claim supported by
cost or pricing data submitted as required and that the settlement
does not exceed the total contract price plus settlement costs
reduced by payments previously made by the State, the proceeds
of any sales of construction, supplies, and construction materials
under Subsection 108.13(C)(3), and the proportionate contract
price of the work not terminated.

(3) Absent complete agreement, the Engineer will pay the
Contractor the following amounts less any payments previously
made under the contract:

(a) The cost of all contract work performed prior to the
effective date of the notice of termination work plus a 5
percent markup on the actual direct costs, including
amounts paid to subcontractor, less amounts paid or to be
paid for completed portions of such work; provided,
however, that if it appears that the Contractor would have
sustained a loss if the entire contract would have been
completed, no markup shall be allowed or included and the
amount of compensation shall be reduced to reflect the
anticipated rate of loss. No anticipated profit or
consequential damage will be due or paid.

(b) Subcontractors shall be paid a markup of 10 percent
on their direct job costs incurred to the date of termination.
No anticipated profit or consequential damage will be due or
paid to any subcontractor. These costs must not include

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payments made to the Contractor for subcontract work during the contract period.

(c) The total sum to be paid the Contractor shall not exceed the total contract price reduced by the amount of any sales of construction supplies, and construction materials.

(4) Cost claimed, agreed to, or established by the State shall be in accordance with Chapter 3-123, HAR.

108.14 Pre-Final and Final Inspections.

(A) Inspection Requirements. Before the Engineer undertakes a final inspection of any work, a pre-final inspection must first be conducted. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer that the work has reached substantial completion and is ready for pre-final inspection.

(B) Pre-Final Inspection. Before notifying the Engineer that the work has reached substantial completion, the Contractor shall inspect the project and test all installed items with all of its subcontractors as appropriate. The Contractor shall also submit the following documents as applicable to the work:

(1) All written guarantees required by the contract.

(2) Two accepted final field-posted drawings accepted by the Engineer in accordance with Section 648 – Field-Posted Drawings.

(3) Complete weekly certified payroll records for the Contractor and Subcontractors.

(4) Certificate of Plumbing and Electrical Inspection.

(5) Certificate of building occupancy as required.

(6) Certificate of Soil and Wood Treatments.

(7) Certificate of Water System Chlorination.

(8) Certificate of Elevator Inspection, Boiler and Pressure Pipe Inspection.

(9) Maintenance Service Contract and two copies of a list of all equipment installed.
(10) Current Tax clearance. The contractor will be required to submit an additional tax clearance certificate when the final payment is made.

(11) Any other final items and submittals required by the contract documents.

(C) Procedure. When in compliance with the above requirements, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing that the project has reached substantial completion and is ready for pre-final inspection.

The Engineer will then make a preliminary determination as to whether or not the project is substantially complete and ready for pre-final inspection. The Engineer may, in writing, postpone until after the pre-final inspection the Contractor's submittal of any of the items listed in Subsection 108.14(B) – Pre-Final Inspection, herein, if in the Engineer's discretion it is in the interest of the State to do so.

If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the project is not substantially complete, the Engineer will provide the Contractor a punchlist of specific deficiencies in writing which must be corrected or finished before the work will be ready for a pre-final inspection. The Engineer may add to or otherwise modify this punchlist from time to time. The Contractor shall take immediate action to correct the deficiencies and must repeat all steps described above including written notification that the work is ready for pre-final inspection.

After the Engineer is satisfied that the project appears substantially complete a pre-final inspection shall be scheduled within ten working days after receipt of the Contractor's latest letter of notification that the project is ready for pre-final inspection.

If, as a result of the pre-final inspection, the Engineer determines the work is not substantially complete, the Engineer will inform the Contractor in writing as to specific deficiencies which must be corrected before the work will be ready for another pre-final inspection. If the Engineer finds the work is substantially complete but finds deficiencies that must be corrected before the work is ready for final inspection, the Engineer will prepare in writing and deliver to the Contractor a punchlist describing such deficiencies.

At any time before final acceptance, the Engineer may revoke the determination of substantial completion if the Engineer finds that it was not warranted and will notify the Contractor in writing the reasons therefore together with a description of the deficiencies negating the declaration.
When the date of substantial completion has been determined by the State, liquidated damages for the failure to complete the punchlist, if due to the State will be assessed in pursuant to Subsection 108.09(B) – Liquidated Damages for Failure to Complete the Punchlist.

(D) Punchlist; Final Inspection. Upon receiving a punchlist after substantial completion, the Contractor shall promptly devote all required time, labor, equipment, materials and incidentals to correct and remedy all punchlist deficiencies. The Engineer may add to or otherwise modify this punchlist until final acceptance of the project.

Before final inspection of the work, the Contractor shall clean all ground occupied by the Contractor in connection with the work of all rubbish, excess materials, temporary structures and equipment, and all parts of the work and the worksite must be left in a neat and presentable condition to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Final inspection will occur within ten working days after the Contractor notifies the Engineer in writing that all punchlist deficiencies remaining after the pre-final inspection have been completed and the Engineer concurs. If the Engineer determines that deficiencies still remain at the final inspection, the work will not be accepted and the Engineer will in writing notify the Contractor of the deficiencies which shall be corrected and the steps above repeated.

If the Contractor fails to correct the deficiencies and complete the work by the established or agreed date, the State may correct the deficiencies by whatever method it deems appropriate and deduct the cost from any payments due the Contractor.

108.15 Use of Structure or Improvement. The State has the right to use the structure, equipment, improvement, or any part thereof, at any time after it is considered by the Engineer as available. In the event that the structure, equipment or any part thereof is used by the State before final acceptance, the Contractor is not relieved of its responsibility to protect and preserve all the work until final acceptance.

108.16 Contractor’s Responsibility for Work; Risk of Loss or Damage. Until the written notice of final acceptance has been received, the Contractor shall take every precaution against loss or damage to any part of the work by the action of the elements or from any other cause whatsoever, whether arising from the performance or from the non-performance of the work. The Contractor shall rebuild, repair, restore and make good all loss or damage to any portion of the work resulting from any cause before its receipt of the written notice of final acceptance and shall bear the risk and expense thereof.
The risk of loss or damage to the work from any hazard or occurrence that may or may not be covered by a builder's risk policy is that of the Contractor and Surety, unless such risk of loss is placed elsewhere by express language in the contract documents.

**108.17 Final Acceptance.** When the Engineer finds that the project has been satisfactorily completed in compliance with the contract, the Engineer will notify the Contractor in writing of the project's completion and acceptance and will notify the Contractor in writing of its acceptance effective as of the date of the final inspection. The final acceptance date shall determine end of contract time, liquidated damages for failure to complete the punchlist and commencement of all guaranty periods subject to Subsection 108.16 — Contractor's Responsibility for Work; Risk of loss or Damage.

**108.18 Guarantee of Work.**

(1) Regardless of and in addition to any manufacturers' warranties, all work and equipment shall be guaranteed by the Contractor against defects in materials, equipment or workmanship for one year from the date of final acceptance or as otherwise specified in the contract documents.

(2) When the Engineer determines that repairs or replacements of any guaranteed work and equipment is necessary due to materials, equipment, or workmanship which are inferior, defective, or not in accordance with the terms of the contract, the Contractor shall at no increase in contract price or contract time and within five working days of receipt of written notice from the State, commence to:

(a) Correct all noted defects and make replacements, as directed by the Engineer, in the equipment and work; and

(b) Repair or replace to new or pre-existing condition any damages resulting from such defective materials, equipment or installation thereof.

(3) The State will be entitled to the benefit of all manufacturers and installers warranties that extend beyond the terms of the Contractor's guaranty regardless of whether or not such extended warranty is required by the contract documents. The Contractor shall prepare and submit all documents required by the providers of such warranties to make them effective, and submit copies of such documents to the Engineer. If an available extended warranty cannot be transferred or assigned to the State as the ultimate user, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer who may direct that the warranted items be acquired in the name of the State as purchaser.
If a defect is discovered during a guarantee period, all repairs and corrections to the defective items when corrected shall be guaranteed for a new duration equal to the original full guarantee period. The running of the guarantee period shall be suspended for all other work affected by any defect. The guarantee period for all other work affected by any such defect shall restart for its remaining duration upon confirmation by the Engineer that the deficiencies have been repaired or remedied.

(5) Nothing in this section is intended to limit or affect the State's rights and remedies arising from the discovery of latent defects in the work after the expiration of any guarantee period.

108.19 No Waiver of Legal Rights. The following will not operate or be considered as a waiver of any portion of the contract, or any power herein reserved, or any right to damages provided herein or by law:

(1) Any payment for or acceptance of the whole or any part of the work, or
(2) Any extension of time, or
(3) Any possession taken by the Engineer.

A waiver of any notice requirement or of any noncompliance with the contract will not be held to be a waiver of any other notice requirement or any other noncompliance with the contract.

108.20 Final Settlement of Contract.

(A) Closing Requirements. The contract will be considered settled after the project acceptance date and when the following items have been satisfactorily submitted, where applicable:

(1) All written guarantees required by the contract.
(2) Complete and certified weekly payrolls for the Contractor and its Subcontractor's.
(3) Certificate of Plumbing and Electrical Inspection.
(4) Certificate of Building Occupancy.
(5) Certificate for Soil Treatment and wood Treatment.
(6) Certificate of Water System Chlorination.
(7) Certificate of Elevator Inspection, boiler and Pressure Pipe Installation.

(8) Tax Clearance.

(9) All other documents required by the Contract or by law.

(B) Failure to Meet Closing Requirements. The Contractor shall meet the applicable closing requirements within 60 days from the date of Project Acceptance or the agreed to Punchlist complete date. Should the Contractor fail to comply with these requirements, the Engineer may terminate the Contract for cause.

END OF SECTION 108